Exhibit 1

LAWS OF THE GAMBIA

V. CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE

245. Definition of theft

- (1) A person who fraudulently and without claim of right takes anything capable of being stolen, or fraudulently converts to the use of another person other than the general or special owner thereof anything capable of being stolen, is said to steal that thing.
- (2) A person who takes or converts anything capable of being stolen is deemed to do so fraudulently if he or she does so with any of the following intents, that is to say—
 - (a) an intent permanently to deprive the general or special owner of the thing of it;
 - (b) an intent to use the thing as a pledge or security;
 - an intent to part with it on a condition as to its return which the person taking or converting it may be unable to perform;
 - (d) an intent to deal with it in such a manner that it cannot be returned in the condition in which it was at the time of the taking or conversion;

CAP. 10:01

Criminal Code

(e) in the case of money, an intent to use it at the will of the person who takes or converts it, although he or she may intend afterwards to repay the amount to the owner.

The term "special owner" includes any person who has a charge or lien on the thing in question, or any right arising from or dependent on holding possession of the thing in question.

- (3) When a thing stolen is converted, it is immaterial whether it is taken for the purpose of conversion, or whether it is at the time of the conversion in the possession of the person who converts it. It is also immaterial that the person who converts the thing in question is the holder of a power of attorney for the disposition of it, or is otherwise authorised to dispose of it.
- (4) When a thing converted has been lost by the owner and found by the person who converts it, the conversion is not deemed to be fraudulent if at the time of the conversion the person taking or converting the thing does not know who is the owner, and believes on reasonable grounds that the owner cannot be discovered.
- (5) A person shall not be deemed to take a thing unless he or she moves the thing or causes it to move.

360. If any agent corruptly accepts or obtains, or agrees to accept Corrupt or attempts to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gift or consideration as an inducement or reward for doing or forbearing to do or for having done or forborne to do, any act in relation to his principal's affairs or business or for showing or forbearing to show favour or disfavour to any person in relation to his principal's affairs or business; or

if any person corruptly gives or agrees to give or offers any gift or consideration to any agent as an inducement or reward for doing or forbearing to do, or for having done or forborne to do, any act in relation to his principal's affairs or business, or for showing or forbearing to show favour or disfavour to any person in relation to his principal's affairs or business; or

if any person knowingly gives to any agent, or if any agent knowingly uses with intent to deceive his principal, any receipt, account or other document in respect of which the principal is interested, and which contains any statement which is false or erroneous or defective in any material particular, and which to his knowledge is intended to mislead the principal,

whe shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine not exceeding one thousand pounds, or to both such imprisonment and such fine.

361. Any person convicted of an offence under this Chapter shall, Secret where the matter or transaction in relation to which the offence was on committed was a contract or a proposal for a contract with the Government Government or any Government department or a municipal council or board or other public body having power to impose rates or entrusted with the expenditure of any Government funds or grants, or al sub-contract to execute any work comprised in such contract, be liable to imprisonment for seven years, or to a fine of one thousand pounds, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.